

RHODE ISLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT Office of Water Resources

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## **RIPDES SMALL MS4 ANNUAL REPORT**

GENERAL INFORMATION PAGE

RIPDES PERMIT #RIR040 \_\_\_\_-029\_\_\_\_\_

REPORTING PERIOD:

**YEAR 10** Jan 2013-Dec 2013

#### **OPERATOR OF MS4**

Name: Town of West Greenwich				
Mailing Address: 280 Victory Highway				
City: West Greenwich	State: RI	Zip: 02817	Phone: (401) 392-3800	
Contact Person:	Title: Town Pla	Title: Town Planner		
Jennifer Paquet	Email: jrpaque	Email: jrpaquet@wgtownri.org		
Legal status (circle one): PRI - Private Other (please specify):	3PP - Public/Private	STA - State	FED – Federal	

#### OWNER OF MS4 (if different from OPERATOR)

Name: same			
Mailing Address:			
City:	State:	Zip:	Phone: ( )
Contact Person:	Title:		
	Email:		

#### CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under the direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, I certify that the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Print Name	KEVIN A. BREENE	
Print Title	TOWN ADMINISTRATOR	
Signature	Rena heene	Date <u>3/7/14</u>



#### SECTION I. OVERALL EVALUATION:

GENERAL SUMMARY, STATUS, APPROPRIATENESS AND EFFECTIVENESS OF MEASURABLE GOALS:

Include information relevant to the implementation of each measurable goal, such as activities, topics addressed, audiences and pollutants targeted. Discuss activities to be carried out during the next reporting cycle. If addressing TMDL requirements, please indicate rationale for choosing the education activity to address the pollutant of concern.

(Note: Identify parties responsible for achieving the measurable goals and reference any reliance on another entity for achieving measurable goals.)

IV.B.1.b.1 Provide a General Summary of activities implemented to educate your community on how to reduce stormwater pollution. For TMDL affected areas, with stormwater associated pollutants of concern, indicate rationale for choosing the education activity. List materials used for public education and topics addressed. Summarize implementation status and discuss if the activity is appropriate and effective.

General activities for educating the community include the on-going distribution of the '10 Simple Things' pamphlet to new residents, updates to the storm water webpage, and informational posters hanging in the Town Planner's office--one for residents about what they can do to help prevent storm water pollution, and one for developers and contractors on maintaining construction site BMPs. Topics addressed by the '10 Simple Things' pamphlet include: feeding of waterfowl, picking up after pets, limiting fertilizer, proper disposal of household hazardous wastes, septic system maintenance, vehicle fluids, conserving water, how to get involved, and how to file a complaint. Also, the <u>Town's Storm Water Webpage</u> has links to or information on lots of topics and explains the importance of being aware of storm water pollution sources in an interesting way so that everyone can understand it.

In 2013, the Town Planner continued to take advantage of the Residential Rain Garden Demonstration Site to educate the public about stormwater pollution. At the Land Trust Earth Day Event held on April 28, 2013 she was prepared for a scheduled session at the Louttit Library Rain Garden to give a talk about Rain Gardens in the context of stormwater pollution, and including tips for what people can do in general to prevent water pollution. Unfortunately, no one attended.

Her power point presentation given during the Town Council Meeting held on May 9, 2012 about stormwater pollution and rain gardens continues to be available on the Town's website here: <u>http://www.wgtownri.org/council/videos.php</u> (start watching at minute 32 on May 9, 2012). The Rain Garden will continue to be used as a demonstration site for public education and outreach.

Also, the West Greenwich Police Department again hosted a DEA Prescription Drug Take Back Day on October 26, 2013 from 10 am to 2 pm at the W. Greenwich Police Department. While the intent of this program is to prevent abuse of these medications, it also helps keep these medications out of septic systems where they can pollute the ground water.

The Town again hosted an Eco-Depot for Household Hazardous Waste Collection on August 24, 2013. About 244 cars dropped off materials, representing about 20,349 pounds of hazardous waste that was kept out of the landfill and out of the environment.

Implementation is on-going and will continue. These activities are all appropriate and will become more and more effective as the message continues to be repeated.

In July 2011, the Statewide Bacteria TMDL (Total Maximum Daily Load) was approved by the EPA. This TMDL includes water bodies in West Greenwich, with TMDLs for Frenchtown Brook, Nooseneck River, Breakheart Brook, and Phillips Brook. There was no Town initiated outreach specific to this TMDL in 2013.

IV.B.1.b.2 Provide a general summary of how the public education program was used to educate the community on how to become involved in the municipal or statewide stormwater program. Describe partnerships with governmental and non-governmental agencies used to involve your community.

The WG Stormwater Pamphlet, which is also posted on the Town's Stormwater webpage, includes information on how to get involved, including contact information for the following: Pawtuxet River Watershed Council, Wood-Pawcatuck Watershed Association, URI's Watershed Watch, Save the Bay, and the Lake Mishnock Preservation Association. The Lake Mishnock Preservation Association is a local non-governmental organization that is actively involved in water quality issues for the Lake, and attracts others to be involved.

#### PUBLIC EDUCATION AND OUTREACH cont'd

Additional Measurable Goals and Activities: Please indicate if the following training sessions were attended and list the name(s) and municipal position of all staff who attended the training.

Attendance at the following trainings if applicable:

Doing More With Less: The Benefits of Stormwater Regionalization Within Your Watershed (September 30, 2013)

Attending name of staff and title: \_\_\_\_\_

Attending name of staff and title: \_\_\_\_

Other Trainings:

Town Planner attended a session at the Southern New England American Planning Association Regional Conference held in Worcester, Massachusetts October 18, 2013 entitled, "Getting to Blue by Going Green," presented by the Cape Cod Commission and the Emerson College Engagement Game Lab about the update of the Cape Cod 208 Plan. The session was about the community engagement tools they are using for the water quality planning process, and the emerging green technologies that they are exploring during this process.

Session Description: (off Conference website (<u>http://www.sneapa.org/information/previous-conferences/friday-sessions</u>) "Participants will learn how innovative community engagement tools are being used on Cape Cod to educate the public about the benefits of "green infrastructure" in addressing nitrogen pollution from wastewater and stormwater at the regional to site scale. The session will also feature pilot projects using emerging green technologies."



SECTION I.	OVERALL EVALUATION:			
Include info	GENERAL SUMMARY, STATUS, APPROPRIATENESS AND EFFECTIVENESS OF MEASURABLE GOALS: Include information relevant to the implementation of each measurable goal, such as types of activities and audiences/groups engaged. Discuss activities to be carried out during the next reporting cycle. If			
addressing of concern.	addressing TMDL requirements, please indicate rationale for the activities chosen to address the pollutant of concern.			
	tify parties responsible for achieving the measurable goals and reference any reliance on ity for achieving measurable goals.)			
IV.B.2.b.2.ii	Describe audiences targeted for the public involvement minimum measure, include a description of the groups engaged, and activities implemented and if a particular pollutant(s) was targeted. If addressing TMDL requirements indicate how the audience(s) and/or activity address the pollutant(s) of concern. Name of person(s) and/or parties responsible for implementation of activities identified. Assess the effectiveness of BMP and measurable goal.			
engages volu down from the measureable sheets (not ev Greenwich Co Chapter of the 4WD Clubs. Association he included septi discounted se Yards Harm L	ation Commission (responsible party), along with the local Lake Mishnock Preservation Association, actively nteers to help out at the annual Earth Day Cleanup events. About 75-100 people participated in 2013, which is e previous year's turnout (130), though there are more people who participated, but did not sign in. The goal is 'increased participation,' which had, in fact, been occurring through 2011, and is monitored with sign-in verybody who participates signs in). 2013 participation and/or sponsorship included residents, the West onservation Commission, the Lake Mishnock Preservation Association, the RI Water Resources Board, the RI e New England Mountain Bike Association, the Rhody Rovers Motorcycle Club, and the North East Association of The particular pollutant targeted during the Earth Day Cleanup is litter. Also, the Lake Mishnock Preservation olds meetings and informs citizens in the area about pollution to the Lake. In the past, such information has ic system maintenance, pet waste, and proper lawn fertilization. They continue to offer a sign-up sheet for eptic pumping for members. They have a link on their website <u>http://www.lakemishnock.org/</u> called 'Beautiful .akes,' connecting to EPA's webpage <u>http://water.epa.gov/type/lakes/lakestipsfull.cfm</u> with tips for improving the portect water quality and lake habitat.			

Nothing specific to the Bacteria TMDL was targeted in 2013 for public involvement by the Town.

Also, the general public is targeted for participation in the MS4 Annual Report public hearing (responsible party- Town Planner). Notice of the hearing is advertised in the local paper, posted in the Town Hall and at the Library, and notice is also sent to local water resource groups. This is not an effective method to get people involved, as there is very limited feedback and no one attends the public hearing.

Additional Measurable Goals and Activities

#### SECTION II. Public Notice Information (Parts IV.G.2.h and IV.G.2.i) \*Note: attach copy of public notice

Date of Public Notice:	February 26, 2014	How public was notified: Display Advertisement notice in the Kent County Daily Times, color notice was posted at Town Hall and in the Louttit Library, and on the Town's website. E-mail notice with link to draft report and Town's Stormwater Webpage sent to Wood Pawcatuck Watershed Association, Pawtuxet River Water Authority, Lake Mishnock Preservation Association, Kent County Water Authority, and the RI Water Resources Board. A public view copy of the draft report was posted on Town Planner's door, in the Library, and on the website.	
Was public meeting held?	YES NO		
Date: Thursday	March 6, 2014 at 4:00 p.m.	Where: West Greenwich Town Hall Council Chambers	
Summary of public comments received: none			
Planned responses or changes to the program: none			



### MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE #3: ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION (Part IV.B.3 General Permit)

#### SECTION I. OVERALL EVALUATION:

#### GENERAL SUMMARY, STATUS, APPROPRIATENESS AND EFFECTIVENESS OF MEASURABLE GOALS

Include information relevant to the implementation of each measurable goal, such as activities implemented (when reporting tracked and eliminated illicit discharges, please explain the rationale for targeting the illicit discharge) to comply with on-going requirements, and illicit discharge public education activities, audiences and pollutants targeted. Discuss activities to be carried out during the next reporting cycle. If addressing TMDL requirements, please indicate rationale for the activities chosen to address the pollutant of concern.

# (Note: Identify parties responsible for achieving the measurable goals and reference any reliance on another entity for achieving measurable goals.)

IV.B.3.b.1:	Indicate if the outfall map was not completed, reasons why, proposed schedule for completion of requirement and person(s)/ Department responsible for completion. (The Department recommends electronic submission of updated EXCEL Tables if this information has been amended.)
	Date of Completion: Completed May 4, 2009
Only outfalls ir	n the urban area were mapped.
IV.B.3.b.2	Indicate if your municipality chose to implement the tagging of outfalls activity under the IDDE minimum measure, activities and actions undertaken under the 2013 calendar year.
No action in 20	013. Outfalls were cataloged with GPS latitude and longitude, and photographs in a previous reporting year.
IV.B.3.b.3	Provide a summary of the implementation of recording of system additional elements (catch basins, manholes, and/or pipes). Indicate if the activity was implemented as a result of the tracing of illicit discharges, new MS4 construction projects, and inspection of catch basins required under the IDDE and Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping Minimum Measures, and/or as a result of TMDL related requirements and/or investigations. Assess effectiveness of the program minimizing water quality impacts.
report. The ca made using th map can be us	tes of additional elements (catch basins and outfalls) were taken in 2009 and were submitted with the 2008 ataloging was performed during the January – April Dry Weather Survey. A map of the GPS coordinates was e software program that came with the GPS device. Together with the DPW's list of catch basin cleaning, this sed to help pinpoint pollution problem areas and vicinity sources; however none have been identified yet as a late, mapping of these elements has had no effect on water quality.
IV.B.3.b.4	Indicate if the IDDE ordinance was <u>not</u> developed, adopted, and submitted to RIDEM, explain reasons why, submit proposed schedule for completion and identify person(s) / Department and/or parties responsible for the completion of this requirement. <b>Date of Adoption:</b> June 10, 2009 If the Ordinance was amended in 2013, please indicate why changes were necessary.
No amendmer	In the ordinance was amenade in 2016, please indicate why changes were necessary.
IV.B.3.b.5.ii, iii, iv, & v	Provide a summary of the implementation of procedures for receipt and consideration of complaints, tracing the source of an illicit discharge, removing the source of the illicit discharge and program evaluation and assessment as a result of removing sources of illicit discharges. Identify person(s) / Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement.
the <u>Town's Sto</u> contact persor Works and/or	tormwater Pollution program includes a process for handling complaints. Contact / Hotline number is provided on <u>prmwater Web Page</u> and in the '10 Simple Things' pamphlet. The Town Planner has been identified as the in to receive and respond on complaints for illegal dumping, which includes coordination with the Director of Public Building Official to investigate the complaint. The procedures are explained in the amended SWMPP. The blic Works is the person / department responsible for following through under the authority of the IDDE

## ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION cont'd

IV.B.3.b.5.vi	Provide summary of implementation of catch basin and manhole inspections for illicit connections and non- stormwater discharges. If the required measurable goal of inspecting all catch basins and manholes for this purpose was not accomplished, please indicate reasons why, the proposed schedule of completion and identify person(s) / Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement. Evaluate effectiveness of the implementation of this requirement. The operator must keep records of all inspections and corrective actions required and completed.
basins are insp quality, as evic So far, howeve In 2011, the Di	Works is responsible for implementing and documenting this task. During annual catch basin cleaning, all catch bected for damage, illegal connections, and suspicious fluids. This is an effective action for benefiting water dence of any local contamination sources or nearby erosion/litter sources is likely to appear in the catch basins. er, no evidence of contamination has been found. irrector of Public Works had trouble with his computer and had to get a new one. He had reported that the hat he used to track catch basin cleaning has been lost. A new spreadsheet has not been recreated yet.
IV.B.3.b.5.vii	If dry weather surveys including field screening for non-stormwater flows and field tests of selected parameters and bacteria were not completed, indicate reasons why, proposed schedule for the completion of this measurable goal and person(s) / Department and/or parties for the completion of this requirement. Evaluate effectiveness of the implementation of this requirement. The results of the dry weather survey investigations must be submitted to RIDEM electronically, if not already submitted or if revised since 2009, in the RIDEM-provided EXCEL Tables and should include visual observations for all outfalls during both the high and low water table timeframes, as well as sample results for those outfalls with flow. The EXCEL Tables <u>must</u> include a report of <u>all outfalls</u> and indicate the presence or absence of dry weather discharges. Date of Completion:
	ner surveys were completed 2009 and were sent to RIDEM on May 4, 2009 and September 18, 2009. No flows I, as indicated on the Excel spreadsheet. Only outfalls in the urban area were surveyed.
IV.B.3.b.7	Provide a description of efforts and actions taken as a result of for coordinating with other physically interconnected MS4s, including State and federal owned or operated MS4s, when illicit discharges were detected or reported. Identify person(s) / Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement. Evaluate effectiveness of the implementation of this requirement.
entity. No abu	arges have yet been detected, therefore there has been no need for the Town to initiate coordination with another tting physically interconnected MS4 operators have contacted the Town regarding cooperation regarding any ges. The DPW would be responsible for such coordination.
IV.B.3.b.8	Provide a description of efforts and actions taken for the referral to RIDEM of non-stormwater discharges not authorized in accordance to Part I.B.3 of this permit or another appropriate RIPDES permit, which the operator has deemed appropriate to continue discharging to the MS4, for consideration of an appropriate permit. Identify person(s) / Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement. Evaluate effectiveness of the implementation of this requirement.
	vater discharges, that are not otherwise authorized, have been detected. The DPW is responsible for this measure and for coordinating with the Town Planner.

#### ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION cont'd taken to inform public employees, businesses, and the general

IV.B.3.b.9	Provide a description of efforts and actions taken to inform public employees, businesses, and the general public of hazards associated with illegal discharges and improper disposal of waste, as well as allowable non-stormwater discharges identified as significant contributors of pollutants. Include a description on how this activity was coordinated with the public education minimum measure and the pollution prevention/good housekeeping minimum measure programs. Identify person(s) / Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement. Evaluate effectiveness of the implementation of this requirement.
The DPW Em MSD sheets a	ployees did not have any specific training in 2013 related to illegal discharges or waste disposal. They have t the garage.
proper recyclir be thrown in th posted on the what househo	nner (who is also the Town's recycling coordinator) also informs employees on a case by case basis about ng and disposal of hazardous materials, which includes informing employees of what is hazardous and what can ne trash. For the past few years, a notice of the Eco-Depot schedule and the Eco-Depot brochure has been Town Hall bulletin board. The <u>Eco-Depot brochure</u> is very informative about unintentional stormwater pollution, Id hazardous waste is, and how to properly dispose of it. There are also Eco-Depot brochures available for e on the display tables in the hallway of the Town Hall.
	own held an Eco-Depot collection day at the Town Hall, which was posted on the Town's website and announced cil meetings, and flyers were available in the Town Hall, Library, and at the Transfer Station.
context of the sources, unfor illicit discharge with them the	own Planner was prepared to give an interesting scheduled talk at the Land Trust Earth Day Event under the Residential Rain Garden demonstration site. Most of the presentation was really about stormwater pollution tunately no one attended. This can be a very effective method of informing people of the hazards and sources of as and improper disposal of waste, because it is an interesting topic to get people's attention. After discussing context of the big picture of water pollution, you can then show how Rain Gardens are one way to help achieve water. It is a topic that helps stimulate interest about how to prevent stormwater pollution.
the efforts pre- includes a sec of hazardous p residents. The Ordinance, an pamphlet. At cluing the visu previous repor waste (EPA's Hazardous Pre-	ten to inform the general public about the hazards with illegal discharges and improper disposal of waste include viously mentioned under sections IV.B.1.b.1 and IV.B.2.b.2.ii. Specifically, the '10 Simple Things' pamphlet stion on minimizing the use of hazardous products and information about how to find out how to properly dispose or oducts. One of the ways that this pamphlet gets distributed is in a 'Welcome Packet' that is sent to all new e information posted on the Town's Stormwater webpage includes a copy of the Town's Illicit Discharge d an electronic version of the ' <u>10 Simple Things</u> ' Pamphlet with live links to all the resources mentioned in the the Land Trust Earth Day Event in 2012, the Town Planner was stationed at the rain garden with a poster board ial observer to learn that proper disposal of hazardous household waste helps keep waterbodies clean. [In tring years, her booth also provided handouts on the proper disposal of, and how to determine what is, hazardous Be Smart Poster, EPA's Sure Your Home is Clean flyer, URI's Water Quality Protection factsheets: Household oducts, and What You Can Do About Nonpoint Source Pollution). This booth also has had another poster board sting and Recycling, which also helps people understand how to properly dispose of wastes.]
properly dispo and <u>Green Cle</u>	nner also maintains a separate webpage on ' <u>Recycling and Composting</u> ' which includes information about how to se of hazardous materials and e-waste, and gives links to the RI Resource Recovery Corporation's <u>Eco-Depot</u> , <u>eaning Recipes</u> . The Stormwater Web Page and the Recycling Web page are now linked to each other, so that derstand that clean water and proper disposal/recycling of wastes are related.
	own Planner made arrangements again with RIRRC to host another Eco-Depot in West Greenwich, scheduled 2014. This is one way to help make it easier for people to properly dispose of household hazardous waste.
	of 2010, we received PODS at our Transfer Station for convenient collection of computers and tv's for proper MG Enterprise. These receptacles and program are still in place.
Additional M	easurable Goals and Activities

#### ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION cont'd

# SECTION II.A Other Reporting Requirements - Illicit Discharge Investigation and System Mapping (Part IV.G.2.m)

# of Illicit Discharges Identified in 2013: 0	# of Illicit Discharges Tracked in 2013: 0
# of Illicit Discharges Eliminated in 2013: 0	# of Complaints Received: 1
# of Complaints Investigated: 1	# of Violations Issued: 1
# of Violations Resolved: 1	# of Unresolved Violations Referred to RIDEM: 0
Total # of Illicit Discharges Identified to Date (since 2003): 0	Total # of Illicit Discharges remaining unresolved at the end of 2013: 0

Summary of Enforcement Actions:

In April 2013, the Town Planner received a call from a resident informing her of illegal dumping of a truck load pile of trash/junk out on Hazard Road on the Coventry / West Greenwich town border. She referred the matter to the Police Department who tracked the license plate and had the person responsible come and clean it up.

Extent to which the MS4 system has been mapped: mapped catch basins and outfalls in urban (Mishnock) section only.

Total # of Outfalls Identified and Mapped to date: 5 (numbered 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6)

#### SECTION II.B Interconnections (Parts IV.G.2.k and IV.G.2.I)

Interconnection:	Date Found:	Location:	Name of Connectee:	Originating Source:	Planned and Coordinated Efforts and Activities with Connectee:
There have been no	interconnected	systems found to date,	though there are	e discharges from RIDO	T in West Greenwich.



## MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE #4: CONSTRUCTION SITE STORMWATER RUNOFF CONTROL (Part IV.B.4 General Permit)

SECTION I.	SECTION I. OVERALL EVALUATION:				
GENERAL S	UMMARY, STATUS, APPROPRIATENESS AND EFFECTIVENESS OF MEASURABLE GOALS:				
implemented complaints.	Include information relevant to the implementation of each measurable goal, such as activities implemented to support the review, issuance and tracking of permits, inspections and receipt of complaints. Discuss activities to be carried out during the next reporting cycle. If addressing TMDL requirements, please indicate rationale for the activities chosen to address the pollutant of concern.				
another entit	fy parties responsible for achieving the measurable goals and reference any reliance on ty for achieving measurable goals.)				
IV.B.4.b.1	Indicate if the Sediment and Erosion Control and Control of Other Wastes at Construction Sites ordinance was <u>not</u> developed, adopted, and submitted to RIDEM, explain reasons why, submit proposed schedule for completion and identify person(s) / Department and/or parties responsible for the completion of this requirement.				
	<b>Date of Adoption:</b> October 16, 2002 If the Ordinance was amended in 2013, please indicate why changes were necessary. Please also indicate if amendments have been made based on the 2010 <i>RI Stormwater Design and Installation Standards Manual</i> , and provide references to the amended portions of the local codes/ordinances.				
Land Developm requirements (A (Article XIV C 5	n sites (except for a single family house site) have to be reviewed by the Planning Board, in which case the nent and Subdivision Regulations must be followed. These regulations cover erosion and sediment control Article XIII Section H 4, page 82 and Article XIV Section B.page 103), and other wastes at construction sites 5. pg.104). No amendments have been made to these documents due to the 2010 Stormwater Design manual, nanual is referenced in the regulations along with the language, "the most current edition of"				
IV.B.4.b.6	Describe actions taken as a result of receipt and consideration of information submitted by the public.				
RIPDES permit storms over La basement, and The resident ca	e construction site that caused water and sediment problems for an abutting resident in 2013. This project has a it. The construction site was not stabilized and the drainage pond was incomplete when two back-to-back flash abor Day weekend in 2013 caused sediment laden water to overflow the weir and flood the abutter's yard and d Breakheart Hill Road. alled the police department and filed a report. The Town Public Works department also responded to the atter was also taken to the Planning Board to discover what happened and what can be done to prevent it				
IV.B.4.b.8	Describe activities and actions taken as a result of referring to the State non-compliant construction site operators. The operator may rely on the Department for assistance in enforcing the provisions of the RIPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activity to the MS4 if the operator of the construction site fails to comply with the local and State requirements of the permit and the non-compliance results or has the potential to result in significant adverse environmental impacts.				
2013 informing back from RID	cussed non-compliant site was referred to the State in 2013. A letter was sent to RIDEM dated October 16, them of the sediment breech and requesting that possible permit violations be investigated. I have not heard EM to date. The Town pressed the applicant's construction contractor to stabilize the site and work with the er to come up with additional measures to implement on the property to help prevent this from happening again.				
Additional Mea	isurable Goals and Activities				

#### CONSTRUCTION SITE STORMWATER RUNOFF CONTROL cont'd

**SECTION II. A - Plan and SWPPP/SESC Plan Reviews during Year 10 (2013), Part IV.B.4.b.2:** Issuance of permits and/or implementation of policies and procedures for all construction projects resulting in land disturbance of greater than 1 acre. **Part IV.B.4.b.4:** Review 100% of plans and SWPPPs/SESC Plans for construction projects resulting in land disturbance of 1-5 acres must be conducted by adequately trained personnel and incorporate consideration of potential water quality impacts.

# of Construction Reviews completed: 2

Summary of Reviews and Findings, include an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program. Identify person(s) /Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement.

This just routine stuff. In general, the design professionals know to include this on the plans and our consulting engineer knows to look for it. Very often there are no noteworthy comments to be made in engineer review reports regarding construction site soil erosion and sedimentation controls, or the SWPPP. This is a highly effective program, and is easy to manage with these requirements being in the Land Development and Subdivision Regulations and on the checklists for each application submittal. The Town Planner is responsible for deeming applications complete and routing the materials to the consulting engineer for review.

(TA Truck Service Garage expansion, revised plan for T & L Enterprises at 65 Nooseneck less than one acre) )

#### SECTION II.B - Erosion and Sediment Control Inspections during Year 10 (2013), Parts IV.G.2.n and IV.B.4.b.7:

Inspection of 100% of all construction projects within the regulated area that discharge or have the potential to discharge to the MS4 (the program must include two inspections of all construction sites, first inspection to be conducted during construction for compliance of the Erosion and Sediment controls at the site, the second to be conducted after the final stabilization of the site).

# of Site Inspections: 4 projects under construction	# of Complaints Received: 1	
# of Violations Issued: 0	# of Unresolved Violations Referred to RIDEM:	
Summary of Enforcement Actions, include an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program. Identify person(s) /Department		

Summary of Enforcement Actions, include an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program. Identify person(s) /Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement.

There are more than 2 inspections performed for each site. The quality of the erosion controls and general site stabilization is observed at other inspection times, though not recorded unless there is a problem. If everything is ok, I get a verbal ok (usually noted in my phone records). Minor issues are resolved by pointing out spot areas in the field to the contractor. In 2013, there was a major issue with a contractor starting work without the required RIPDES Permit and not following comments from design engineer or Town engineer. Controls are adequately in place now.

(Coast to Coast- many, Stonebridge-many, Carrs Pond- 2 for bond release, Pine Estates Phase 1- many)



#### MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE #5: POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IN NEW DEVELOPMENT AND REVELOPMENT (Part IV 8.5 Constal Parmit)

(Part IV.B.5 General Permit)

#### SECTION I. OVERALL EVALUATION:

GENERAL SUMMARY, STATUS, APPROPRIATENESS AND EFFECTIVENESS OF MEASURABLE GOALS:

Include information relevant to the implementation of each measurable goal, such as activities implemented to support the review, issuance and tracking of permits, inspections and receipt of complaints, etc. Please indicate if any projects have incorporated the use of Low Impact Development techniques. Discuss activities to be carried out during the next reporting cycle. If addressing TMDL requirements, please indicate rationale for the activities chosen to address the pollutant of concern.

# (Note: Identify parties responsible for achieving the measurable goals and reference any reliance on another entity for achieving measurable goals.)

IV.B.5.b.5 Describe activities and actions taken to coordinate with existing State programs requiring post-construction stormwater management.

Every site construction project (with the exception of single-family residential house lots) has to be reviewed by the Planning Board, under the Land Development and Subdivision Regulations and the Zoning Ordinance. There is a required checklist which includes a section for information pertaining to 'wetlands' and another section pertaining to 'other permits from state or federal reviewing agencies.' All plans are made by professional engineers, and reviewed on behalf of the Town by a professional engineer. In general, these professionals know when state permits are needed, whether that be a wetland permit, RIPDES permit, NOI for construction under the General Permit, or UIC. Such requirements are often discussed at the Pre-application meeting for each application. The Town requires that Stormwater design follow the current RI Stormwater Design Manual. These permits are due at certain stages of review, and the application is incomplete without them. Sometimes the Planning Board grants Preliminary approval 'subject to' specific state permits, depending on the circumstances. Copies of State permits are required to be submitted to the Town prior to construction of any project. This process, including the requirement of submission of state permits at certain review stages, is actually in the State Enabling Legislation for Land Development and Subdivision Review, which cross-references with the Zoning Enabling Legislation for Development Plan Review (formerly 'Site Plan Review'). The Town Planner is responsible for coordinating review of projects by the Planning Board and the consulting engineer, and ensuring that applications are complete or otherwise ready for review by the Board.

IV.B.5.b.6 Describe actions taken for the referral to RIDEM of new discharges of stormwater associated with industrial activity as defined in RIPDES Rule 31(b)(15) (the operator must implement procedures to identify new activities that require permitting, notify RIDEM, and refer facilities with new stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity to ensure that facilities will obtain the proper permits).

Same answer as IV.B.5.b.5

IV.B.5.b.9 Indicate if the Post-Construction Runoff from New Development and Redevelopment Ordinance was <u>not</u> developed, adopted, and submitted to RIDEM, explain reasons why, submit proposed schedule for completion and identify person(s) / Department and/or parties responsible for the completion of this requirement.
 Date of Adoption:
 If the Ordinance was amended in 2013, please indicate why changes were necessary. Please also indicate if amendments have been made based on the 2010 *RI Stormwater Design and Installation Standards Manual*,

and provide references to the amended portions of the local codes/ordinances.

The Town regulations on Post-Construction Runoff have been in place since at least 1993, and were amended in May 2008 to meet all of the remaining IV.B.5.b.9. requirements; however, they were finally submitted to RIDEM, along with the required letter from the Town Solicitor, in November of 2010.

 IV.B.5.b.12
 Describe activities and actions taken to identify existing stormwater structural BMPs discharging to the MS4 with a goal of ensuring long term O&M of the BMPs.

 In 2009, all Town catch basins within the urban area (Mishnock) were catalogued. Associated swales and paved waterways

were also mapped previously as shown on the Outfall Maps submitted with the 2008 Annual Report.

Additional Measurable Goals and Activities

# POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IN NEW DEVELOPMENT AND REDEVELOPMENT

cont'd

**SECTION II.A. - Plan and SWPPP/SESC Plan Reviews during Year 10 (2013), Part IV.B.5.b.4:** Review 100% of postconstruction BMPs for the control of stormwater runoff from new development and redevelopment projects that result in discharges to the MS4 which incorporates consideration of potential water quality impacts (the program requires reviewing 100% of plans for development projects greater than 1 acre, not reviewed by other State programs).

# of Post-Construction Reviews completed: 3

Summary of Reviews and Finding, include an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program. Identify person(s) /Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement.

The Town Planner is responsible for coordinating plan review requirements and review by a consulting engineer for all construction projects, including some, but not all, single family residential house lots. The 3 plans that were submitted to the Planning Board were all prepared by a PE and were reviewed by a PE for the Town, and determined to have adequately designed post-construction water quality and volume/peak flow control BMP's.

It is very easy to review 100% of plans. (65 Nooseneck, Stonebridge Phase 2 revised drainage plan, Truck Stop Garage addition)

#### SECTION II.B. - Post Construction Inspections during Year 10 (2013), Parts IV.G.2.o and IV.B.5.b.10 - Proper

**Installation of Structural BMPs:** Inspection of BMPs, to ensure these are constructed in accordance with the approved plans (the program must include inspection of 100% of all development greater than one acre within the regulated areas that result in discharges to the MS4 regardless of whom performs the review).

# of Complaints Received: 1	
# of Unresolved Violations Referred to RIDEM: ?	

Summary of Enforcement Actions:

There were 5 projects that were under construction and/or nearing completion in 2013. One project needed extra attention because incomplete drainage pond together with unstabilized site caused significant drainage and sediment problem to neighbor (and was brought to RIDEM's attention). There will be carryover of inspections on these projects into 2014.

Projects: (Coast to Coast Fulfillment-many inspections, Carrs Pond Estates- 2 inspections for bond release, Centrex Expansion- monitoring of drainage pond because it seems to not be draining properly, Pine Estates Phase 1- many inspections, Stonebridge Estates Phase 2-many inspections)

# SECTION II.C. - Post Construction Inspections during Year 10 (2013), Parts IV.G.2.p and IV.B.5.b.11 - Proper Operation and Maintenance of Structural BMPs: Describe activities and actions taken to track required Operations and Maintenance (O&M) actions for site inspections and enforcement of the O&M of structural BMPs. Tracking of required O&M actions for site inspections and enforcement of the O&M of structural BMPs.

# of Site Inspections: 0	# of Complaints Received: 0
# of Violations Issued: 0	# of Unresolved Violations Referred to RIDEM: 0

Summary of Activities and Enforcement Actions. Evaluate the effectiveness of the Program in minimizing water quality impacts. Identify person(s) /Department and/or parties responsible for the implementation of this requirement.

The Town has not started inspecting drainage structures on <u>private property</u>, however we do require 'Post Construction Storm Water Management and Maintenance Agreements' (copy of template attached in 2011 report) for privately owned drainage facilities, which are documents that get recorded separately from the O&M notes on the approved plan. This document has an easement provision for the Town to enter the property to inspect the facilities, and requires that the owner submit annual maintenance reports to the Director of Public Works. Capacity is limited to enforce this. (Should the Town ever institute a wastewater management plan for proof of septic system maintenance, this stormwater bmp maintenance requirement should be integrated into this program.)

As for <u>Town-owned structural BMP's</u>, other than catch basins, there is no tracking system for maintenance. The DPW inspects drainage infrastructure and cleans out sediment and/or makes repairs as needed.



#### MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE #6: POLLUTION PREVENTION AND GOOD HOUSEKEEPING IN MUNICIPAL OPERATIONS (Part IV.B.6 General Permit)

#### SECTION I. OVERALL EVALUATION:

#### GENERAL SUMMARY, STATUS, APPROPRIATENESS AND EFFECTIVENESS OF MEASURABLE GOALS:

Include information relevant to the implementation of each measurable goal, such as activities and practices used to address on-going requirements, and personnel responsible. Discuss activities to be carried out during the next reporting cycle. If addressing TMDL requirements, please indicate rationale for the activities chosen to address the pollutant of concern.

(Note: Identify parties responsible for achieving the measurable goals and reference any reliance on another entity for achieving measurable goals.)

IV.B.6.b.1.i Describe activities and actions taken to identify structural BMPs owned or operated by the small MS4 operator (the program must include identification and listing of the specific location and a description of all structural BMPs in the SWMPP and update the information in the Annual Report). Evaluate appropriateness and effectiveness of this requirement.

Besides tagging of the outfalls and mapping the catch basins in the Mishnock urban area, no other list of structural BMP's has been created. In 2010, the RIDEM sent the Town a Notice of Intent to Enforce non-compliance with the RIPDES permit for failure to submit this list. The Town Planner is responsible for this, with help from the Director of Public Works. We do not have the time or staff available to complete this requirement. This measure of creating a list is not considered to be effective for achieving water quality. In 2014, the Town hired a part time staff person for the Planning Dept. who could work on this in 2014.

IV.B.6.b.1.ii

.ii Describe activities and actions taken for inspections, cleaning and repair of detention/retention basins, storm sewers and catch basins with appropriate scheduling given intensity and type of use in the catchment area. Evaluate appropriateness and effectiveness of this requirement.

The Director of Public Works has again verbally reported to the Town Planner for this annual report that all catch basins are inspected during the cleaning process which is done once a year in the spring. He noted that some areas in Town get cleaned twice. He personally checks basins, culverts, and runoff regularly throughout the year.

The response from our previous Annual Reports is still applicable: In 2013, the Dept. of Public Works again reported that they hired a contractor to go out with one of the DPW guys to clean all the catch basins. Cleaning of detention/retention basins gets done as needed while the workers are out in the field. During daily activities, cleaning and repairing of detention basins, catch basins, pipes, and swales occurs as needed by the Department of Public Works. On average each year, about 6 detention ponds need cleaning, refreshment of rip rap, repair of washouts, sediment removal, and/or loam and seeding. Inspections occur during daily activity to keep an eye on things while in the area, and as needed when a residents calls in with an issue. Visual inspections of catch basins also occur during street sweeping, not just during catch basin cleaning. Drainage infrastructure is monitored especially during rain events to ensure flow and is the best time, according to the Director of Public Works, to check if repairs or other maintenance are needed. The DPW just knows what areas need more frequent attention based on experience with the field activities above.

IV.B.6.b.1.iii Describe activities and actions taken to support the requirement of yearly inspection and cleaning of all catch basins (a lesser frequency of inspection based on at least two consecutive years of operational data indicating the system does not require annual cleaning might be acceptable). Evaluate appropriateness and effectiveness of this requirement.

Total # of CBs within regulated area (including SRPW and TMDL areas): \_\_\_29\_\_\_\_\_

Total # of CBs inspected in 2013: \_\_\_\_ over 290 (over 300 last time Dir. of DPW checked)\_\_\_\_\_\_

Total # of CBs cleaned in 2013: \_\_\_\_\_ or determined to already be clean: over 290\_\_\_\_

The Town does this anyway. In 2013, as they do every year, the Dept. of Public Works hired a contractor to go out with one of the DPW guys to clean all the catch basins. The Director of Public Works has reported that all the catch basins in the entire Town were cleaned once in 2013, and the ones in Mishnock were cleaned twice. They go down the road and check each catch basin as they go along, whether it needs cleaning or not.

#### POLLUTION PREVENTION AND GOOD HOUSEKEEPING IN MUNICIPAL OPERATIONS cont'd

IV.B.6.b.1.iv	Describe activities and actions taken to minimize erosion of road shoulders and roadside ditches by requiring stabilization of those areas. Evaluate appropriateness and effectiveness of this requirement.						
The Director of	f Public Works has reported for this report that inspections are done by the Director and repairs and maintenance						
is done if needed with Rip Rap, loam, or whatever is needed. (nothing specific to report for 2013)							
IV.B.6.b.1.v	Describe activities and actions taken to identify and report known discharges causing scouring at outfall pipes						
	or outfalls with excessive sedimentation, for the Department to determine on a case-by-case basis if the scouring or sedimentation is a significant and continuous source of sediments. Evaluate appropriateness and						
	effectiveness of this requirement.						
The Director o	f Public Works has reported that inspections are done by the Director, and if scouring is seen appropriate action						
	he problemusually Rip Rap or a pipe reset.						
	oted that during initial outfall mapping, and during the two 2009 dry-weather surveys, no scouring or excessive						
sedimentation	were noticed at the outfalls in the urban area (Mishnock).						
IV.B.6.b.1.vi	Indicate if all streets and roads within the urbanized area were swept annually and if not indicate reason(s).						
	Evaluate appropriateness and effectiveness of this requirement.						
	Total roadway miles within regulated area (including SRPW and TMDL areas): _75						
	Total roadway miles within regulated area (including orth w and thibe areas)ro						
	Total roadway miles that were swept in 2013: _75						
	ctor has reported again that all roads are swept yearly, and some are done twice. The area of Mishnock						
(urbanized are	a) gets done twice.						
IV.B.6.b.1.vii	Describe activities and actions taken for controls to reduce floatables and other pollutants from the MS4. Evaluate appropriateness and effectiveness of this requirement.						
The DDW Dire	ector has reported that basin covers and grates are inspected on a regular basis and all basins and runoffs are						
	pollutants throughout the year and when basins are cleaned.						
	condition ano denotario your and whon bubino are ordanou.						
	Describe the method for disposal of waste removed from MS4s and waste from other municipal operations,						
IV.B.6.b.1.viii	including accumulated sediments, floatables and other debris and methods for record-keeping and tracking of						
	this information.						
The DPW Dire	ector has reported that it is hauled bak to the garage for storage and that most of it has been used for the landfill						
closure.							
	Describe and indicate activities and corrective actions for the evaluation of compliance. This evaluation must						
	include visual quarterly monitoring; routine visual inspections of designated equipment, processes, and material						
IV.B.6.b.4	handling areas for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system or point source						
and	discharges to a waters of the State; and inspection of the entire facility at least once a year for evidence of						
IV.B.6.b.5	pollution, evaluation of BMPs that have been implemented, and inspection of equipment. A Compliance Evaluation report summarizing the scope of the inspection, personnel making the inspection, major						
	observations related to the implementation of the Stormwater Management Plan (formerly known as a						
	Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan), and any actions taken to amend the Plan must be kept for record-						
The DPW Director has reported that all infrastructure is inspected by the Director and if there are problems action is taken to							
fix or repair.							

#### POLLUTION PREVENTION AND GOOD HOUSEKEEPING IN MUNICIPAL OPERATIONS cont'd

IV.B.6.b.6	Describe all employee training programs used to prevent and reduce stormwater pollution from activities such as park and open space maintenance, fleet and building maintenance, new construction and land disturbances, and stormwater system maintenance for the past calendar year, including staff municipal participation in the URI NEMO stormwater public education and outreach program and all in-house training conducted by municipality or other parties. Evaluate appropriateness and effectiveness of this requirement.			
	formal employee training programs in 2013. The DPW Director has reported that he has meetings with			
employees on	this matter alone with any insurance classes or inspections.			
	Describe actions taken to ensure that new flow management projects undertaken by the operator are assessed			
IV.B.6.b.7	for potential water quality impacts and existing projects are assessed for incorporation of additional water			
	quality protection devices or practices. Evaluate appropriateness and effectiveness of this requirement.			
	new flow projects in 2013. The DPW Director has reported that this is usually done by the Director or alongside			
with the Planne	er and Engineer.			
Additional Measurable Goals and Activities				

#### SECTION II.A - Structural BMPs (Part IV.B.6.b.1.i)

BMP ID:	Location:	Name of BMP Owner/Operator:	Description of BMP:
Not listed yet			

#### SECTION II.B - Discharges Causing Scouring or Excessive Sedimentation (Part IV.B.6.b.1.v)

Outfall ID:	Location:	Description of Problem:	Description of Remediation Taken, include dates:	Receiving Water Body Name/Description:
None in regulated area as observed during dry weather surveys/ tagging of outfalls				

SECTION II.C - Note any planned municipal construction projects/opportunities to incorporate water quality BMPs, low impact development, or activities to promote infiltration and recharge (Part IV.G.2.j).

Nothing planned in 2013.

# SECTION II.D - Please include a summary of results of any other information that has been collected and analyzed. This includes any type of data (Part IV.G.2.e).



SECTION I. If you have been notified that discharges from your MS4 require non-structural or structural stormwater controls based on an approved TMDL or other water quality determination, please provide an assessment of the progress towards meeting the requirements for the control of stormwater identified in the approved TMDL (Part IV.G.2.d). Please indicate rationale for the activities chosen to address the pollutant of concern.

The Town has not been notified that discharges from the MS4 require non-structural or structural storm water controls.

In 2011, the <u>RI Statewide Bacteria TMDL Core Document</u> was approved by EPA. This TMDL includes impaired water bodies that are in the Town of West Greenwich. Affected water bodies are the following (with hyperlinks to the individual TMDL's):

<u>Breakheart Brook</u> – Impervious cover 2.8% <u>Phillips Brook</u> – Impervious cover 0.8% <u>Nooseneck River</u>– Impervious cover 3.7% <u>Frenchtown Brook</u> – Impervious cover 9.8%

Since all of these impaired water bodies are in a watershed area with less than 10% impervious cover, the source of the bacterial pollutants are not considered to be associated with stormwater. The TMDL's for these water bodies include statements such as, "as a general rule, impaired streams with watersheds having less than 10% impervious cover are assumed to be caused by sources other than urbanized stormwater runoff." "As it is assumed that stormwater runoff is not the major contributor of bacteria to Breakheart Brook based on the watershed's imperviousness, RIDOT, West Greenwich, and Exeter will have no changes to their Phase II permit requirements and no TMDL Implementation Plan (TMDL IP) will be required at this time."

The Town is encouraged to take actions to pertaining to the four other possible sources of the bacteria contamination as follows:

**Malfunctioning Onsite Wastewater Treatment Systems** (failing septic systems)- The Town is encouraged to institute a Waste Water Management Plan with an enforceable program to ensure that OWTS's are properly operating and maintained. Such a program was previously evaluated by the Town and it was determined to be a burden for the Town to run. Property owners are responsible to take care of their own systems. Septic Maintenance is addressed through the Town's Stormwater education and outreach program.

Waterfowl, Wildlife, and Domestic Animal Waste- The Town is encouraged to provide education and outreach pertaining to the importance of picking up and properly disposing of pet waste, and the importance of not feeding waterfowl. Wastes from these animals contains bacteria that, if not picked up and put in the trash, washes across the ground surface where it gets into the water network. Waterfowl (ducks and geese) should not be fed by humans because (aside from being unhealthy for the birds) it encourages them to stay in an area, which concentrates these wastes directly in a water body. Geese can be a problem in some areas. They are attracted to lawn or pasture areas surrounding an open water body. Allowing a vegetated buffer to grow back up around the edges of the water is a deterrent to the geese. A "Don't feed the Waterfowl" message is included in the Town's Stormwater education and outreach program.

**Agricultural Activities** – Agricultural producers are encouraged to work with RIDEM Division of Agriculture and the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) to develop conservation plans for their property, particularly to ensure adequate stream buffers and proper containment of animals wastes, and to take measures to keep animals out of streams and wetlands. Development of BMP's such as grassed filter strips, manure storage facilities, etc. may be implemented, with possible funding help from these organizations.

**Developed Area Stormwater Management** – Runoff from impervious surfaces may contribute bacteria contaminated runoff into water bodies, however, watersheds with less than 10% impervious areas generally are not considered to have a significant source of polluted runoff. One way to help pinpoint the source of the contamination is to see if there are any dry weather flows at outfalls in the area of these contaminated water bodies. If dry weather flow is observed, it can be tested to see if it contains pollutants, and an investigation can be started under the Town's Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination Ordinance to track the source of the contamination.

The above mentioned TMDL's will be posted on the Town's website to help further educate people about the importance of preventing stormwater pollution, show them the location of polluted water bodies in Town, and let them know what they can do to help prevent water pollution.

(There is also a regional Mercury TMDL (source recognized as atmospheric deposition).)



SECTION I. In accordance with Rule 31(a)(5)(i)G of the *Regulations for the Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System* (RIPDES Regs), on or after March 10, 2008, any discharge from a small municipal separate storm sewer system to any Special Resource Protection Waters (SRPWs) or impaired water bodies within its jurisdiction must obtain permits if a waiver has not been granted in accordance to Rule 31(g)(5)(iii). A list of SRPWs can be found in Appendix D of the *RIDEM Water Quality Regulations* at this link: <u>http://www.dem.ri.gov/pubs/regs/regs/water/h20q09a.pdf</u>

The 2008 303(d) Impaired Waters list can be found in Appendix G of the 2008 Integrated Water Quality Monitoring and Assessment Report at this link: <a href="http://www.dem.ri.gov/programs/benviron/water/quality/pdf/iwqmon08.pdf">http://www.dem.ri.gov/programs/benviron/water/quality/pdf/iwqmon08.pdf</a>

If you have discharges from your MS4 (regardless of its location) to any of the listed SRPWs or impaired waters (including impaired waters when a TMDL has not been approved), please provide an assessment of the progress towards expanding the MS4 Phase II Stormwater Program to include the discharges to the aforementioned waters and adapting the Six Minimum Control Measures to include the control of stormwater in these areas. Please indicate a rationale for the activities chosen to protect these waters. Please note that all of the measurable goals and BMPs required by the 2003 MS4 General Permit may not be applicable to these discharges.

No special resource protection waters in West Greenwich

#### WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 2014 A-2



#### TOWN OF WEST GREENWICH PUBLIC NOTICE for DRAFT 2013 STORMWATER PROGRAM ANNUAL REPORT

PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD: February 26, 2014 until 4 p.m. March 7, 2014 PUBLIC HEARING: Thursday, March 6, 2014 at 4:00 p.m. at Town Hall

The draft 2013 Phase II Stormwater Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (RIPDES) Program General Permit for Storm Water Discharges from Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s) and from Industrial Activity at Eligible Facilities Operated by Regulated Small MS4S.

DATE OF THIS NOTICE: February 26, 2014 RIR040029

Find a Job.

**RIPDES PERMIT NUMBER:** 

WEST BA

**CONTACT US AT** 

789-9744

Name and Mailing Address of Small MS4 Operator:

Town of West Greenwich 280 Victory Highway WEST GREENWICH, RI 02817

Copies of the DRAFT Phase II Storm Water Annual Report may be obtained at no cost by visiting the Town's Stormwater webpage at:

http://www.wgtownri.org/departments/planning/storm\_water.php

or by calling Jennifer Paquet, Town Planner at (401) 392-3800 x 121, or by visiting the Town Hall.

All records relating to this permit are available for review by the public. The administrative record containing all documents is on file and may be inspected, by appointment, at the Town Planner's office between 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays. Please visit the Town's Stormwater webpage for more information about the Stormwater Management Program.

A public hearing has been scheduled for Thursday, March 6, 2014, at 4:00 p.m. in the Town Council Chambers, Town of West Greenwich Town Hall, 280 Victory Highway, West Greenwich, RI 02817, to consider the Town of West Greenwich Phase II Storm Water Annual Report.

The Town of West Greenwich will provide interpreter services for the hearing impaired provided a request is received by the Town Clerk's office at 392-3800 three (3) business days prior to said hearing date.

Interested parties may submit written comments on the DRAFT Annual Report, amendments to the SWMPP, and the administrative record to the Town Planner by the close of the public comment period which ends 4:00 p.m., Friday, March 7, 2014. If, during the public comment period, significant comments are received concerning the DRAFT Annual Report or amendments to the SWMPP, the Town of West Greenwich will post a written response to comments on the Town's Stormwater webpage. The response will include the final 2013 Annual Report and identify what changes to the SWMPP have been made, if any.

Jennifer Paquet, Town Planner Town of West Greenwich DAILY TIMES/RICENTRAL.COM

rovidence St., West Warwick was arsimple assault and disorderly conduct.

## Domestic Assault

. 9 at 8 a.m. Victor Tavares, 27, of 72 ve., West Warwick was arrested for do-sault.

9 at 2 p.m. Henry Hernandez, 20, of St., Providence was arrested for dosault and domestic refusal to relinquish

11 at 1:49 a.m. David J. Poulin, 26, of t., West Warwick was arrested for doault, domestic disorderly conduct and district court bench warrant.

#### Possession

9 at 11:13 a.m. Robert H. Good, 37, y St., West Warwick was arrested for

, possessing and manufacturing II narcotics. 12 at 3:31 p.m. Matthew J. Eckstein,

Providence St., West Warwick was r two counts of possession of constance and larceny under \$1,500.

2 at 8:43 p.m. Stephen Cardoza, 27, yood Drive, Waterford, Conn. was arpossession of controlled substance ssion of marijuana—one ounce or

# ng Under the Influence

44 to place an ad

Make it yIsland Newspapers

2 at 7:15 p.m. Judy A. Pittai, 55, of St., West Warwick was arrested for er the influence and refusal to submical test.